

Division of Child and Family Health- Newborn Screening Follow-Up Program

Elevated Organic Acid: C5-OH 3-hydroxy-isovalerylcarnitine

Health Care Professional Fact Sheet

A newborn screening test is a <u>screen</u> and not diagnostic testing. An "abnormal" or "critical" result on a newborn screen indicates the baby may be at a higher risk of having a disorder; however, it does not diagnose the baby with the condition. Follow-up testing is <u>vital</u> to determine if the baby has the disorder indicated. In the event the condition is diagnosed, timely follow-up testing will result in earlier treatment and better outcomes.

Disorder Indicated: Hydroxymethylglutaric Aciduria (HMG), 3-Methylcrotonyl-CoA carboxylase Deficiency (3-MCC), and Beta-Ketothiolase Deficiency (BKT) are conditions in which the body cannot break down certain proteins due to an inherited enzyme deficiency. Individuals with HMG also cannot produce ketone bodies. This results in an accumulation of organic acids in the body. If left untreated, it could cause brain damage or death. However, if the disorders are detected early and treatment is begun, individuals with these conditions can have healthy growth and development.

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Incidence	3-MCC: 1 in every 35,000 to 50,000 newborns.
	BKT: Rare, estimated 1 in every 1,000,000 newborns
	HMG: Extremely rare- Less than 100 cases worldwide
Analyte Measured	Organic Acid: C5-OH (3-hydroxy-isovalerylcarnitine)
Normal Test Results	C5-OH < 1.0 μmol/L
Abnormal Test Results	C5-OH ≥ 1.0 μmol/L to < 2.0 μmol/L
Critical Test Results	C5-OH ≥ 2.0 μmol/L
	(Critical results require immediate evaluation and follow-up)
Signs and Symptoms	When a child has elevated C5-OH, you may see symptoms including:
	Poor appetite/ Vomiting/ Low blood sugar (hypoglycemia)
Please note: these findings	Sleeping longer or more often/Tiredness
may not be present in	Irritability/ Behavior changes
young infants or in milder	Weak muscle tone (hypotonia)
forms of the disease	Muscle tightness (spasticity)
joins of the discuse	Fever
	Diarrhea
	Symptoms can be triggered or exacerbated by periods of fasting, illness, or infections.
Next Steps <i>may</i> include:	Discuss the next steps of evaluation and possible treatment with
	the regional metabolic consultant
	Provide parental education (see accompanying sheet)
	Clinical Assessment
	Assay: Urine Organic Acids, Plasma Acylcarnitine
Treatment (if indicated)	Restricted diet (Discuss with the regional metabolic consultant)
Additional Resources	VDH Newborn Screening http://vdhlivewell.com/newbornscreening
	Baby's First Test <u>www.babysfirsttest.org</u>
	American College of Medical Genetics (ACMG) ACT Sheets <u>www.ACMG.net</u>
	Genetics Home Reference <u>https://ghr.nlm.nih.gov/</u>
	Organic Acid Association http://www.oaanews.org/

Educational content adapted from www.babysfirsttest.org



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